

**STK39 / SPAK Antibody (C-Terminus)**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ALS13003****Specification****STK39 / SPAK Antibody (C-Terminus) - Product Information**

|                   |                                                    |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Application       | WB, IHC-P, IF, E                                   |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">O9UEW8</a>                             |
| Reactivity        | Human, Mouse                                       |
| Host              | Rabbit                                             |
| Clonality         | Polyclonal                                         |
| Calculated MW     | 59kDa KDa                                          |
| Dilution          | WB~~1:1000<br>IHC-P~~N/A<br>IF~~1:50~200<br>E~~N/A |

**STK39 / SPAK Antibody (C-Terminus) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 27347**Other Names**

STE20/SPS1-related proline-alanine-rich protein kinase, Ste-20-related kinase, 2.7.11.1, DCHT, Serine/threonine-protein kinase 39, STK39, SPAK

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles. Store undiluted.

**Precautions**

STK39 / SPAK Antibody (C-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**STK39 / SPAK Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protein Information****Name** STK39**Function**

Effector serine/threonine-protein kinase component of the WNK-SPAK/OSR1 kinase cascade, which is involved in various processes, such as ion transport, response to hypertonic stress and blood pressure (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16669787" target="\_blank">16669787</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18270262" target="\_blank">18270262</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21321328" target="\_blank">21321328</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34289367" target="\_blank">34289367</a>). Specifically recognizes and binds proteins with a RFXV motif (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16669787" target="\_blank">16669787</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21321328" target="\_blank">21321328</a>). Acts downstream of WNK kinases (WNK1, WNK2, WNK3 or WNK4): following activation by WNK kinases, catalyzes phosphorylation of ion cotransporters, such as SLC12A1/NKCC2,

SLC12A2/NKCC1, SLC12A3/NCC, SLC12A5/KCC2 or SLC12A6/KCC3, regulating their activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21321328" target="\_blank">21321328</a>). Mediates regulatory volume increase in response to hyperosmotic stress by catalyzing phosphorylation of ion cotransporters SLC12A1/NKCC2, SLC12A2/NKCC1 and SLC12A6/KCC3 downstream of WNK1 and WNK3 kinases (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12740379" target="\_blank">12740379</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16669787" target="\_blank">16669787</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21321328" target="\_blank">21321328</a>). Phosphorylation of Na-K-Cl cotransporters SLC12A2/NKCC1 and SLC12A2/NKCC1 promote their activation and ion influx; simultaneously, phosphorylation of K-Cl cotransporters SLC12A5/KCC2 and SLC12A6/KCC3 inhibit their activity, blocking ion efflux (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16669787" target="\_blank">16669787</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19665974" target="\_blank">19665974</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21321328" target="\_blank">21321328</a>). Acts as a regulator of NaCl reabsorption in the distal nephron by mediating phosphorylation and activation of the thiazide-sensitive Na-Cl cotransporter SLC12A3/NCC in distal convoluted tubule cells of kidney downstream of WNK4 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18270262" target="\_blank">18270262</a>). Mediates the inhibition of SLC4A4, SLC26A6 as well as CFTR activities (By similarity). Phosphorylates RELT (By similarity).

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Nucleus when caspase-cleaved.

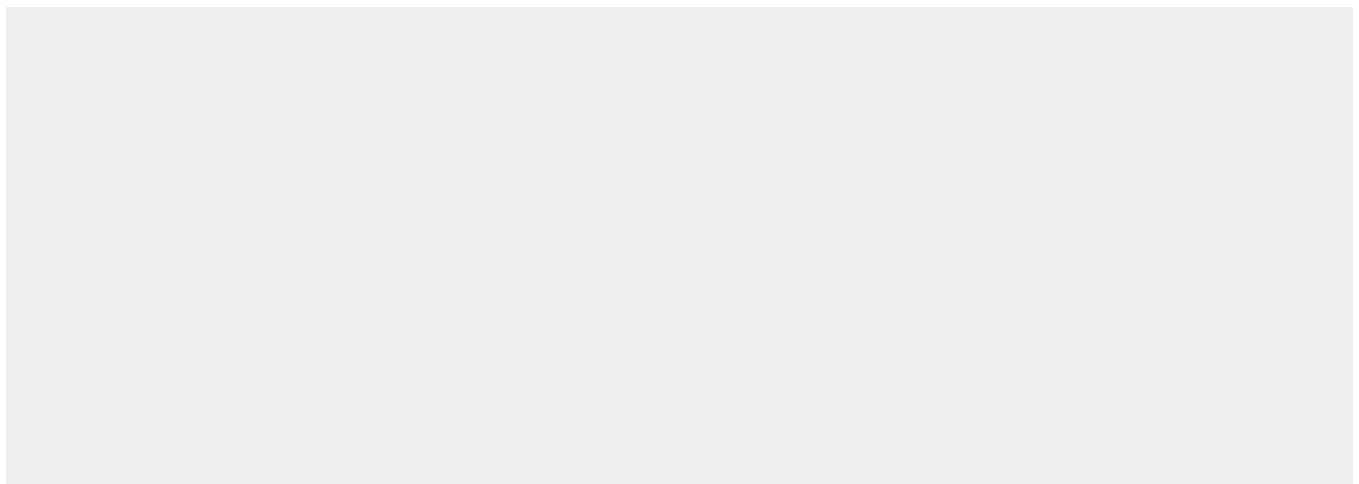
**Tissue Location**

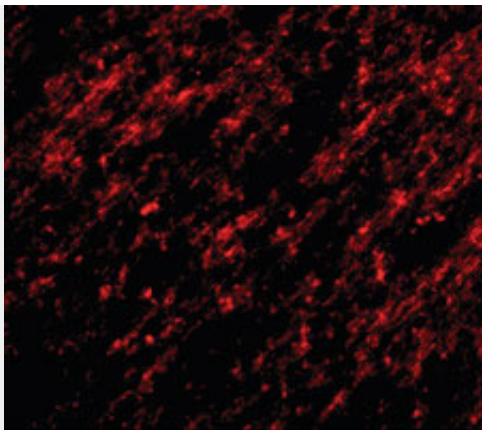
Predominantly expressed in brain and pancreas followed by heart, lung, kidney, skeletal muscle, liver, placenta and testis.

**STK39 / SPAK Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protocols**

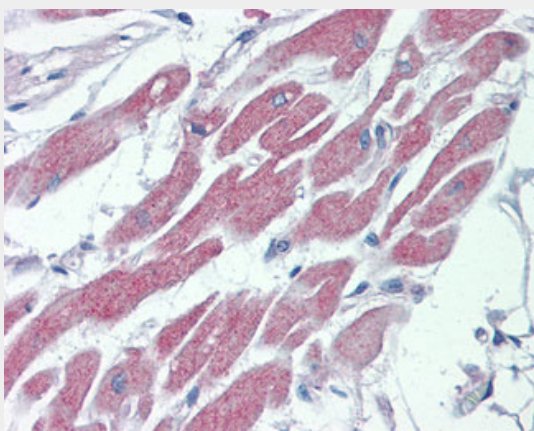
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

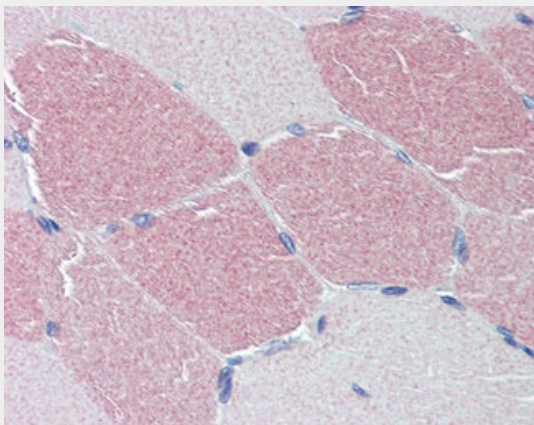
**STK39 / SPAK Antibody (C-Terminus) - Images**



Immunofluorescence of stk39 in human brain tissue with stk39 antibody at 20 ug/ml.



Anti-SPAK antibody IHC of human heart.



Anti-SPAK antibody IHC of human skeletal muscle.

#### **STK39 / SPAK Antibody (C-Terminus) - Background**

May act as a mediator of stress-activated signals.

#### **STK39 / SPAK Antibody (C-Terminus) - References**

Johnston A.M.,et al.Oncogene 19:4290-4297(2000).  
Corominas R.,et al.Nat. Commun. 5:3650-3650(2014).  
Melnick M.B.,et al.Submitted (OCT-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.  
Hillier L.W.,et al.Nature 434:724-731(2005).

Baytel D.,et al.Submitted (AUG-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.